Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Hour: \_\_\_\_\_

Solve each application problem by solving a quadratic equation. *Round answers to the nearest tenth when necessary*. Don't forget <u>units</u>, and write answers in SENTENCE form.

**1.** An object is dropped from a 56-foot bridge over a bay. How long will it take for the object to reach the water?

**2.** Many birds drop shellfish onto rocks to break the shell open and get the food inside. Suppose a crow drops a snail from a height of 20 feet. How long does it take the snail to hit the ground?

**3.** An object is dropped from the top of a 240-foot tall observation tower. How long will it take for the object to reach the ground?

**4.** A stunt man working on the set of a movie is to fall out of a window 100 feet above the ground. An air cushion that is 9 feet high is placed below him for safety. How long does he fall before landing on the cushion?

**5.** A ball is dropped from a sixth-floor window at a height of 70 feet. There is a 2<sup>nd</sup> floor balcony below that is 24 feet above the ground. When will the ball land on the balcony?

**6.** An object falls from the top of a 100-foot communications tower. There is a 15-foot semi-truck beneath it. After how much time will the object hit the top of the truck?

- 7. On any planet, the height *h* (in feet) of a falling object *t* seconds after it is dropped can be modeled by  $h = -\frac{g}{2}t^2 + h_0$  where  $h_0$  is the initial height and *g* is the acceleration due to the planet's gravity. For each planet below, find the time it takes for a rock dropped from a height of 200 feet to hit the ground.
  - **a.** Mars: g = 12
  - **b.** Jupiter: g = 81
  - **c.** Neptune: g = 36
- **8.** The equation h = 0.019s<sup>2</sup> gives the height *h* (in feet) of the largest ocean waves when the wind speed is *s* knots. How fast is the wind blowing if the largest waves are 15 feet high?